Issue Date 24-Feb-2015 Revision Date 01-Feb-2018, Version 2



# OXYGEN, COMPRESSED Safety Data Sheet

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name OXYGEN, COMPRESSED

Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-P097 UN/ID no. UN1072 Trade name MAPAX® 0

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use. Medical. Food and Beverage.

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC

200 Somerset Corporate Blvd, Suite 7000

Bridgewater, NJ 08807 Phone: 908-464-8100 www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.

Road 869, Km 1.8

Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962

Phone: 787-641-7445 www.pr.lindegas.com

Linde Canada Limited 5860 Chedworth Way Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2

Phone: 905-501-2500/905-501-1700

www.lindecanada.com

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number +1 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)

+1 905-501-0802 (Canada)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

<sup>\*</sup> May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification

**OSHA Regulatory Status** 

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Oxidizing gases	Category 1
Gases under pressure	Compressed gas

## Label elements



Signal word

Danger

**Hazard Statements** 

May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials

Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil

Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place

Use a backflow preventive device in piping

Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure

Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service

Open valve slowly

Close valve after each use and when empty

Precautionary Statements - Response In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula	
OXYGEN	7782-44-7	>99	O <sub>2</sub>	

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Skin contact None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye contact None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Not an expected route of exposure.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Oxygen is not acutely toxic under normal pressure. Oxygen is more toxic when inhaled at elevated

pressures. Depending upon pressure and duration of exposure, pure oxygen at elevated pressures

may cause cramps, dizziness, difficulty breathing, convulsions, edema and death.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media None.

#### Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. Will support and accelerate combustion of combustible materials (wood, paper, oil, debris, etc). Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Monitor oxygen level. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is

in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1

or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up

Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Revision Date

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Open valve slowly. "NO SMOKING" signs should be posted in storage and use areas. Separate flammable gas cylinders from oxygen and other oxidizers by a minimum distance of 20 ft. or by a 5 ft. high barrier with a minimum fire resistance rating of a half an hour. Dry product is non-corrosive and may be used with all materials of construction. Moisture causes metal oxides which are formed with air to be hydrated so that they include volume and lose their protective role (rust formation). Concentrations of SO 2 , Cl 2 , salt, etc. in the moisture enhances the rusting of metals in air. Carbon steels and low alloy steels are acceptable for use at lower pressures. For high pressure applications stainless steels are acceptable as are copper and its alloys, nickel and its alloys, brass bronze, silicon alloys, Monel®, Inconel®, and beryllium. Lead and silver or lead tin alloys are good gasket materials. Teflon®, Teflon® composites, or Kel-F® are preferred non-metallic gasket materials. Oxygen should not be used as a substitute for compressed air in pneumatic equipment since they generally contain flammable lubricants. Equipment able to use oxygen must be "cleaned for oxygen service". Check with the equipment supplier to verify oxygen compatibility for the service conditions.

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar,etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association's Pamphlets SB-7, G-4.3, G-4.1, G-4.4, P-2.5, G-4.9, P-14, and SB-2.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregrated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Do not store near combustible materials

Incompatible materials

Reducing agents. Combustible material. Organic material. Oil. Grease.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

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This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure **Exposure Guidelines** 

limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering Controls** Ventilation systems. Use local exhaust in combination with general ventilation as necessary to keep

oxygen concentrations below 23.5%. Consider installation of leak detection systems in areas of use

and storage. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders. Gloves must be clean

and free from grease or oil.

Respiratory protection No special protective equipment required.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Gas Appearance Colorless. Odor Odorless.

Odor threshold No information available

рΗ Not applicable

Melting/freezing point -218.8 °C / -361.8 °F

Not applicable Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) See Section 5. Lower flammability limit: Not applicable Upper flammability limit: Not applicable Flash point Not applicable Autoignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature No data available Oxidizing properties Oxidizer

Water solubility Slightly soluble Partition coefficient 0.65

Kinematic viscosity Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air	Gas Density	Critical
		point/range		=1)	kg/m³@20°C	Temperature
OXYGEN	31.99	-182.9 °C	Above critical	1.11	1.331	-118.6 °C
			temperature			

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. Will support and accelerate combustion of combustible materials (wood, paper, oil, debris, etc).

Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

None.

Incompatible materials

Reducing agents. Combustible material. Organic material. Oil. Grease.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products** 

None known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation

of breathing.

Poisoning began in dogs 36 hours after inhalation of pure oxygen at atmospheric pressure. Distress

was seen within 48 hours and death within 60 hours.

Skin contact No data available.

Eye contact The incompletely developed retinal circulation is more susceptible to toxic levels of oxygen. In

premature infants, arterial oxygen tension above 150 mm Hg may cause retrolental fibroplasia. Permanent blindness may occur several months later. One case of severe retinal damage in an adult was reported. An individual suffering from myasthenia gravis developed irreversible retinal

atrophy after breathing 80% oxygen for 150 days.

Ingestion Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms Oxygen is not acutely toxic under normal pressure. Oxygen is more toxic when inhaled at elevated

pressures. Depending upon pressure and duration of exposure, pure oxygen at elevated pressures

may cause cramps, dizziness, difficulty breathing, convulsions, edema and death.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

IrritationNot classified.SensitizationNot classified.Germ cell mutagenicityNot classified.

Carcinogenicity This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified.
Not classified.

Chronic toxicity Prolonged inhalation of high oxygen concentrations (>75%) may affect coordination, attention,

and cause tiredness of respiratory irritation.

Aspiration hazard Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

**Product Information** 

Oral LD50 No information available
Dermal LD50 No information available

Inhalation LC50 No information available

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Will not bioconcentrate.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

Will not bioconcentrate.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container

PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP

IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no. UN1072

Proper shipping name Oxygen, compressed

Hazard Class 2.2
Subsidiary class 5.1
Special Provisions A14, 110

Description UN1072, Oxygen, compressed, 2.2 (5.1)

Emergency Response Guide Number 122

TDG

UN/ID no. UN1072

Proper shipping name Oxygen, compressed

Hazard Class 2.2 Subsidiary class 5.1

Description UN1072, Oxygen, compressed, 2.2 (5.1)

IATA

UN/ID no. UN1072

Proper shipping name Oxygen, compressed

Hazard Class 2.2 Subsidiary hazard class 5.1 ERG Code 2X

Description UN1072, Oxygen, compressed, 2.2 (5.1)

<u>IMDG</u>

 UN/ID no.
 UN1072

 Hazard Class
 2.2

 Subsidiary hazard class
 5.1

 EmS-No.
 F-C, S-W

 Special Provisions
 355

Description UN1072, Oxygen, compressed, 2.2 (5.1)

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies
DSL/NDSL Complies
EINECS/ELINCS Complies

#### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

## **US Federal Regulations**

#### **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

## SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

#### CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

## Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

#### CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

## Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

## **US State Regulations**

#### California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

# U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Oxygen	X	X	X
7782-44-7			

NFPA Health hazards 0 Flammability 0 Instability 0 Physical and Chemical

Properties OX

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date 24-Feb-2015 Revision Date 01-Feb-2018

Revision Note SDS sections updated; 15

LIND-P097

#### General Disclaimer

For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Linde LLC, Linde Merchant Production, Inc. or Linde Gas North America LLC (or any of their affiliates and subsidiaries) and the purchaser.

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**