CHLOR ALKALI

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Sodium Hydroxide Solution 30 - 54%

Other means of identification

SDS number 10000009

Synonyms Caustic Soda, Caustic, Alkali, Lye, Caustic Iye, Caustic Soda Liquid 50%, Soda Lye, Liquid

Caustic, Sodium Hydrate.

Recommended use Pulping and Bleaching, pH neutralizer, Detergent, Soaps.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name
Olin Chlor Alkali Products
Address
490 Stuart Road, NE

Cleveland, TN 37312

Company name Pioneer Americas, LLC (d/b/a Olin Chlor Alkali Products)

Address 490 Stuart Road, NE

Cleveland, TN 37312

Company name Olin Canada ULC (d/b/a Olin Chlor Alkali Products)

Address 2020 Robert-Bourassa Blvd., Suite 2190

Montreal, Quebec H3A 2A5

General Information

Telephone (888) 658-6SDS (737)
Website olinchloralkali.com

Contact person ORC SDS Control Group

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC

US: 1-800-424-9300 Canada: 1-800-567-7455

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsCorrosive to metalsCategory 1Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 4Skin corrosion/irritationCategory 1Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3

hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Harmful if swallowed. May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep only in original container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe mist or vapor.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Sodium Hydroxide Solution 30 - 54% 915752 Version #: 03 Revision date: 08-March-2016 Issue date: 20-December-2013 **Response** If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison

center/doctor/. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Absorb spillage to prevent material

damage.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	30 - 54	

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing stops, provide artificial

respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory

medical device. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water for at

least 15-20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately! Wash clothing separately before reuse.

Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately rinse

mouth and drink plenty of water. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't

get into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Shortness of breath. Symptoms may be delayed.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. Keep victim under observation.

In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Use extinguishing agent suitable

for type of surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Do not use halogenated

extinguishing agents.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

The product itself does not burn. May decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes. Contact with metal may release flammable hydrogen gas.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighters should enter the area only if they are protected from all contact with the material. Full protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus, coat, pants, gloves, boots and bands around legs, arms, and waist, should be worn. No skin surface should be exposed.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
Specific methods

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use caution when combining with water; DO NOT add water to caustic; ALWAYS add caustic to water while stirring to minimize heat generation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Transfer and storage systems should be compatible and corrosion resistant. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Store at temperatures not exceeding 40°C/104°F. Compatible storage materials may include, but not be limited to, the following: nickel and nickel alloys, steel, plastics, plastic or rubber-lined steel, FRP, or Derakane vinyl ester resin. Do not allow material to freeze.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	
Sodium hydroxide (CAS	PEL	2 mg/m3	
1310-73-2)			

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium hydroxide (CAS	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
1310-73-2)			

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear chemical goggles and face shield. PPE requirements should match type and amount u	sed
Eye/race protection	Wear chemical goggles and race shield. FFE requirements should match type and amou	arit u:

as determined by the end users PPE hazard assessment.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator type: Chemical respirator with

particulate cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Sodium Hydroxide Solution 30 - 54%

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Viscous liquid.

ColorClear.OdorOdorless.Odor thresholdNot available.

pH 14

Melting point/freezing point 50 - 53 °F (10 - 11.67 °C) (50% solution)

Initial boiling point and boiling 266 - 284 °F (130 - 140 °C) (50% solution)

range

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 23.76 mm Hg (approximately) (77 °F (25 °C))

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density 1.525 (50% solution)

Relative density temperature

68 °F (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Completely miscible with water.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature

Not available.

Pecomposition temperature

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Other information

Molecular formula NaOH
Molecular weight 40.1 g/mol

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Contact with metal may release flammable hydrogen gas.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents. Do not mix with

other chemicals. Corrosive to aluminum, tin, zinc, copper and most alloys in which they are present including brass and bronze. Corrosive to steels at elevated temperatures above 40°C

(104°F).

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents. Acids. Phosphorus. Aluminum. Zinc. Tin. Initiates or catalyzes violent

polymerization of acetaldehyde, acrolein or acrylonitrile.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Contact with metals (aluminum, zinc, tin) and sodium tetrahydroborate liberates hydrogen gas.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

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Eye contact Causes severe eye burns. Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion Causes digestive tract burns. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Permanent eye damage including blindness

could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

Product Species Test Results

Sodium Hydroxide Solution 30 - 54%

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2 g/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 300 - 500 mg/kg

Other

LD50 Mouse 40 mg/kg, Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Standard Draize Test: 500 mg/24 hour(s) skin - rabbit severe.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes severe eye burns. Causes serious eye damage.

irritation Standard Draize Test: 400 µg eyes - rabbit mild; 1 percent eyes - rabbit severe.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitizationThis product is not expected to cause respiratory sensitization. **Skin sensitization**This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Chronic effects Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life.

Product Species Test Results

Sodium Hydroxide Solution 30 - 54%

Aquatic

Acute

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 99 mg/l, 48 hours

Mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis affinis) 125 mg/l, 96 hours

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Not available. Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material

and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1824 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Sodium hydroxide solution

8 **Class** Subsidiary risk 8 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety

instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B2, IB2, N34, T7, TP2

154 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 202 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1824

UN proper shipping name Sodium hydroxide solution

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk 8 Label(s) **Packing group** Ш **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 8L

Special precautions for user

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety

instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number

SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk 8 Label(s) **Packing group** Ш **Environmental hazards**

> No. Marine pollutant F-A, S-B

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety

instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling

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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance: Sodium Hydroxide, CAS # 1310-73-2, RQ = 1000 lbs.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - Yes

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. California Proposition 65

This product is not listed, but it may contain elements known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity as listed under Proposition 65 Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act. For additional information, contact Olin Technical Services (800-299-6546).

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes

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Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances (EINECS)

Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)

Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)

Yes

Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes
New Zealand Inventory Yes

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances Yes

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date20-December-2013Revision date08-March-2016

Version # 03

HMIS® ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



List of abbreviations LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.

LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%. EC50: Effective Concentration, 50%. TWA: Time weighted average.

References EPA: AQUIRE database

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This

information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard

workers and the environment.

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