Worthington

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Premium Silver Lead-Free Solder (Includes Solder-Safe Silver Bearing Alloy Lead-Free

Solder)

Other means of identification

SDS number WC004
Recommended use Solder.
Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Cylinder Corporation

Address 200 Old Wilson Bridge Road

Columbus, OH 43085

United States

Email: cylinders@worthingtonindustries.com

Telephone Number: 866-928-2657

CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS:

Within US and Canada 800-424-9300

Outside US and Canada +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbolNone.Signal wordNone.Hazard statementNone.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Response Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Tin	7440-31-5	
Copper	7440-50-8	1 - 10
Silver	7440-22-4	< 1

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate medical assistance. For those

providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a

mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If skin

rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses. Get

medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Immediately rinse mouth and drink a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who

is unconscious or is having convulsions. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical

personnel. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire or high temperatures create: Metal oxides.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

and precautions for firefighter Fire fighting

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

equipment/instructions
General fire hazards

Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this SDS. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

For a dry material spill, use a HEPA (high efficiency particle air) vacuum to collect material and place in a sealable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Recover and recycle, if practical. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National

Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not get this material on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Any surface that comes in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated and rust free. Inadvertent contaminants to product such as moisture, ice, snow, grease, or oil can cause an explosion when charged to a molten metal bath or metal furnace (preheating metal will remove moisture from product).

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	PEL	0.01 mg/m3	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	PEL	2 mg/m3	
ACGIH			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	es		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	mical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA TWA	1 mg/m3 0.01 mg/m3	Dust and mist. Dust.

Biological limit valuesNo biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines No exposure standards allocated.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust. Keep melting/soldering temperatures as low as possible to minimize the generation of fume. Shower, hand and eye washing facilities near the workplace are

recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear a face shield when working with molten

material.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves (i.e. latex, nitrile, neoprene).

Other Chemical resistant clothing is recommended. Heat resistant/insulated gloves and clothing are

recommended when working with molten material.

Respiratory protection

Use a respirator when local exhaust or ventilation is not adequate to keep exposures below the OEL. In a confined space a supplied respirator may be required. Selection and use of respiratory

protective equipment should be in accordance with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if

there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

Thermal hazards Heat resistant/insulated gloves and clothing are recommended when working with molten material.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Silver to silver-gray metallic metal.

Physical state Solid. Form Wire.

Color Silver to gray.
Odor Odorless.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point 441 - 482 °F (227.22 - 250 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not available.

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.

Relative density 7.38

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)Not solublePartition coefficientNot available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

reactions

Incompatible materials Chlorine. Turpentine. Magnesium. Acetylene Gas.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Toxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point.

Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid molten metal contact with water.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to

the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Lung damage and possible pulmonary edema can result from dust exposure. Inhalation of fumes may cause a flu-like illness called metal fume

fever.

Skin contact Dust may irritate skin. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to

the eye.

Ingestion Ingestion of dusts generated during working operations may cause nausea and vomiting. Copper

poisoning can result in hemolytic anemia and kidney, liver and spleen damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Contact with molten material may cause

thermal burns.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of

metal fume fever. When heated, the vapors/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation. Overexposure of Tin can cause irritation of the eyes, skin, mucous membranes, and respiratory system. Acute overexposure to Copper dust/fume can cause irritation of the eyes, nose, throat, and skin and under severe fume overexposure can cause metal fume fever with flu-like symptoms such as sweet metal taste, dry throat, coughing, fever and chills, tight chest, dyspnea, headache, blurred vision, back pain, nausea, vomiting, fatigue. Symptoms usually disappear within 24 hours. Copper may cause skin and hair discoloration. Inhalation of copper dusts may change the gums and mucous lining of the mouth which is generally attributable to localized tissue effect rather than

Skin corrosion/irritation Dust may irritate skin.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to

the eye.

general toxicity.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization No sensitizing effects known.

Skin sensitization Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in

skin irritation and dermatitis (rash). May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects Prolonged and repeated overexposure to dust and fumes can lead to benign pneumoconiosis

(stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. Ingestion of silver may cause a permanently benign bluish gray discoloration to the skin (argyria).

Further information No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product contains a

substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

Persistence and degradability The product is not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.

Other adverse effects None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code Product contains silver a hazardous waste constituent regulated under 40 CFR 261.24.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to

Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

Under some use conditions, this material may be considered to be hazardous in accordance with

OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) LISTED LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Copper	7440-50-8	1 - 10

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

US. California Proposition 65

Not Listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
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Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)

Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)

Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL)

New Zealand New Zealand Inventory

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Yes

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 28-May-2015

Revision date - 01

Further information HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

HMIS® ratings Health: 1

Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



References ACGIH

EPA: AQUIRE database

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer All information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However,

no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all

applicable laws and regulations.

^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).