

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

AND SAFE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION

1-877-Î-BUY-ZEP (1-877-428-9937)

ZEP MANUFACTURING COMPANY P.O. BOX 2015 ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30301

SOLD TO:

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(324) MATCO TOOLS JEO CHAUTAUQUA AVE LAKEWOOD NY 14750

**ISSUE DATE:** 06/21/99

SUPERSEDES:

Date printed: 11/08/00

METER MIST COUNTRY CANDLE SHOP Prod No: 3352 Aerosol Deodorant

SECTION I -EMERGENCY CONTACTS

TELEPHONE: (404) 352-1680 MEDICAL EMERGENCY:

BETWEEN 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM (EST)

(770) 439-4200 (770) 432-2873 (770) 424-4789

NON OFFICE HOURS, WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS, PLEASE CALL LOCAL POISON CONTROL

(770) 424-2048

(770) 455-8160

(770) 552-8836 TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: (770) 922-0923

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: (202) 483-7616

TOLL FREE-CALLS RECORDED

ALL CALLS RECORDED

A06942

DESIGNATIONS SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	. 500	(РРМ)	EFFECTS (SEE NOTICE)	% IN PROD.
** ACETONE ** dimethyl ketone; CAS# 67-64-1; RTECS# - AL3150000; OSHA PEL - 1000 ppm; ACGIH STEL - 750 ppm		500	FBL CNS IRR	55-65
@** 2-(2-ETHOXY)-ETHANOL ** diethylene glycol monoethyl ether, ethoxydiglycol; CAS# 111-90-0; RTECS# KK8750000; OSHA		N/D	CBL IRR	< 10
** ETHANOL ** ethyl alcohol; grain alcohol; CAS# 64-17-5; RTECS# KQ6300000; OSHA PEL-1000 ppm		1000	IRR FBL	< 10
** LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS ** propane; CAS# 6847685-7; RTECS # SE7545000; OSHA PEL (TWA) - 1000 ppm		1000	FBL	20-30
© IDENTIFIES CHEMICALS LISTED UNDER SARA-SECTION 313 FOR RELEASE REPORTING.				
SECTION III - HEALTH HAZARD DATA  SPECIAL NOTE: MSDS data pertains to the product as dispensed from the container. Adverse health effects would not be expected under recommended conditions of use (diluted) so long as prescribed safety precautions are practiced.  ACUTE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:		-		:

ACUTE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Contact with the spray mist can cause eye irritation such as stinging and burning.
oduct may cause slight skin irritation if contact is prolonged.
edical conditions are known to be aggravated by overexposure to this product or ingredients in this product.

CHRONIC EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:
Chronic effects from product vapors/mists would only result from prolonged or repeated contact, which is unlikely due to the packaging of this

None of the ingredients are listed as carcinogens by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

EST'D PEL/TLV: Not established PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: N/A

HMIS CODES: HEALTH 1; FLAM. 1; REACT. 0; PERS. PROTECT. N/A; CHRONIC HAZ. NO

FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

FIRST AID PHOCEDURES:

SKIN: Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with soap or a mild detergent. Apply a skin cream with lanolin. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids. Get medical attention at once. INHALE: Move exposed person to fresh air. If irritation persists, get medical attention promptly. INGEST: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level. Get emergency medical attention immediately.

SECTION IV - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: No special measures are required.

EYE PROTECTION: No special measures are required.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Avoid direct inhalation of concentrated spray mist and do not direct spray toward people.

VENTILATION: No special measures are required.

SECTION V - PHYSICAL DATA

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: EVAPORATION RATE (=1): pH(CONCENTRATE): pH(USE DILUTION OF ):

0.8200 N/D N/A N/A

BOILING POINT (F):

VAPOR PRESSURE(mmHg):

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

PARTIAL

VOC CONTENT (CONCENTRATE):

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: A VERY DRY SPRAY WITH A PLEASANT FRAGRANCE.

SECTION VI - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT(F) (METHOD USED): NOT FLAMMABLE (CSMA)
FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL: N/A UEL: N/A (FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL: N/A UEL: N/A UEL:

## SECTION VII - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable
INCOMPATIBLILITY(AVOID): None
POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other unidentified organic compounds.

SECTION VIII - SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:
Observe safety precautions in sections 4 & 9 during spill clean-up. Large spills are unlikely due to packaging. Spill may be absorbed on an inert and material (eg Zep-O-Zorb), and placed in a suitable container for disposal. Wash area thoroughly with a detergent solution and rinse well

Y ::er.

LISPOSAL METHOD:
Product is consumed in use. Do not crush, puncture or incinerate spent containers. Large numbers of aerosol containers may require handling as a hazardous waste, but in most states total hazardous waste quantities less than 220 lbs per month may allow disposal in a chemical or industrial waste landfill. Consult local, state and federal agencies for the proper disposal method in your area.

RCRA HAZ. WASTE NOS.: N/A

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN HANDLING AND STORING:
Do not store at temperatures above 120F (39C) or in direct sunlight. Container may burst if heated above 120F (39C). Do not puncture or incinerate container. Keep product out of eyes.

**Product No:** 

3352

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS (continued)

Keep out of the reach of children.

SECTION X - REGULATORY INFORMATION DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: CONSUMER COMMODITY,

NOTE: DOT information applies to larger package sizes of affected products. For some products, DOT may require alternate names and labeling in

accordance with packaging group requirements.

DOT HAZARD CLASS: ORM-D

DOT LD. NUMBER: N/A

DOT LABEL/PLACARD: ORM-D

EPA TSCA CHEMICAL INVENTORY - ALL INGREDIENTS ARE LISTED

EPA CWA 40CFR PART 117 SUBSTANCE(RQ IN A SINGLE CONTAINER): NONE

Date Last Reviewed by Compliance Services: 07/11/00

NOTICE

Thank you for your interest in, and use of, Zep products. Zep Manufacturing Co. is pleased to be of service to you by supplying this Material Safety Data Sheet for your files. Zep Manufacturing is concerned for your health and safety. Zep products can be used safely with proper protective equipment and proper handling practices consistent with label instructions and the MSDS. Before using any Zep product, be sure to read the complete label and the Material Safety Data Sheet.

As a further word of caution, Zep wishes to advise that serious accidents have resulted from the misuse of 'emptied' containers. 'Empty' containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, or other sources of ignition; they may explode or develop harmful vapors and possibly cause injury or death. Clean empty containers by triple rinsing with water or an appropriate solvent. Empty containers must be sent to a drum reconditioner before reuse.

## TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY BY SECTION

SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS CAR: Carcinogen - A chemical listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cance (IARC) or OSHA as a definite or possible human cancer causing

(IARC) or OSHA as a definite or possible numerical causing agent.

CAS #: Chemical Abstract Services Registry Number - A universally accepted numbering system for chemical substances.

CBL: Combustible - At temperatures between 100F and 200F chemical gives off enough vapor to ignitie if a source of lignition is present as tested with a closed cup tester.

CNS: Central Nervous System depressant which reduces the activity of the brain and spinal cord.

COR: Corrosive - Causes irreversible injury to living tissue (e.g. burns).

DESIGNATIONS: Chemical and common names of hazardous ingredients.

DESIGNA ITORS: Chemical and common maries of national ingredients.

EIR: Eye Initiant Only - Causes reversible reddening and/or inflammation of eye tissues.

EXPOSURE LIMITS: The time weighted average (TWA) airborne concentration at which most workers can be exposed without any expected adverse effects. Primary sources include ACGIH TLVs, and OSHA PELs (TWA, STEL and ceiling limits).

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists.
CEILING: The concentration that should not be exceeded in CELING: The concentration that should not be exceeded in the working exposure. OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit - A set of time weighted average exposure values, established by OSHA, for a normal 8-hour day and a 40-hour work week. PPM: Parts per million - unit of measure for exposure limits. (S) SKIN: Skin contact with substance can contribute to

(S) SXIN: SMIT contact with soustained can contact of overall exposure.
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit - Maximum concentration for a continuous 15-minute exposure period.
TLV: Threshold Limit Value - A set of time weighted average exposure limits, established by the ACGIH, for a normal 8-hour day and a 40-hour work week.

enough vapor to ignite if a source of ignition is present as

tested with a closed cup tester.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS: Chemical substances determined to be potential health or physical hazards based on the criteria established in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard - 29 CFR 1910.1200

HTX: Highly toxic - the probable lethal dose for a 70kg (150 lb.) man and may be approximated as less than 6 teaspoons (2

in the property of the propert

N/A: Not Applicable - Category is not appropriate for this product.
N/D: Not Determined - Insufficient information to make a determination for this income an unreviewed listing of published toxicology data on chemical

Substances.
SARA: Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act - Section
313 designates chemicals for possible reporting for the Toxics
Release Inventory.
SEN: Sensitizer - Causes allergic reaction after repeated

exposure. TOX: Toxic - The probable lethal dose for a 70 kg (150 lb.) man is one ounce (2 tablespoons) or more.

SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

ACUTE EFFECT: An adverse effect on the human body from a single exposure with symptoms developing almost immediately after exposure or within a relatively short time. CHRONIC EFFECT: Adverse effects that are most likely to occur arter exposure or within a relatively short time.

CHRONIC EFFECT: Adverse effects that are most likely to occur from repeated exposure over a long period of time.

EST D PEL/TLV: This estimated, time-weighted average, exposure limit, developed by using a formula provided by the ACGIH, pertains to airborne concentrations from the product as a whole. This value should serve as guide for providing safe workplace conditions to nearly all workers.

HMIS CODES: Hazardous Material Identification System - a rating system developed by the National Paint and Coating Association for estimating the hazard potential of a chemical under normal workplace conditions. These risk estimates are indicated by a numerical rating given in each of three hazard areas (Health/Fiammability/Reactivity) ranging from a low of zero to a high of 4. The presence of a chronic hazard is indicated with a yes. Consult HMIS training guides for Personal Protection letter codes which indicate necessary protective equipment.

PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY: The way one or more hazardous ingredients may enter the body and cause a generalized-systemic or specific-organ toxic effect.

ING: Ingestion - A primary route of exposure through breathing of vapors.

SKIN: A primary route of exposure through contact with

breathing of vapors.

SKIN: A primary route of exposure through contact with

SECTION IV: SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Where respiratory protection is recommended, use only MSHA and NIOSH approved respirators and dust masks.

MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration

MSHA: Wine Safety and Health Administration

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

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EVAPORATION RATE: Refers to the rate of change from the liquid state to the vapor state at ambient temperature and pressure in comparison to a given substance (e.g. water). PH; A value representing the acidity or alkalinity of an aqueous solution (Acidic pH = 1; Neutral pH = 7; Alkaline pH = 14) VOC CONTENT: The percentage or amount in pounds per gallon of the product that is regulated as a Volatile Organic Compound under the Clean Air Act of 1990 and various state jurisdictions.

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: A description of the ability of the product to dissolve in water.

product to dissolve in water

SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Breakdown products expected to be produced upon product decomposition by extreme heat or fire. INCOMPATIBILITY: Material contact by extreme heat and the conditions to avoid to prevent hazardous reactions.

POLYMERIZATION: Indicates the tendency of the product's molecules to combine with themselves in a chemical reaction, releasing excess pressure and heat.

STABILITY: Indicates the susceptibility of the product to spontaneously and dangerously decompose.

SECTION VIII: SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES RCRA WASTE NOS: RCRA (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act) waste codes (40 CFR 261) applicable to the disposal of spilled or unusable product from the original container.

SECTION X: TRANSPORTATION DATA

CWA: Clean Water Act- Federal Law which regulates chemical releases to bodies of water.

RQ: Reportable Quantity - The amount of the specific ingredient that, when spilled to the ground and can enter a storm sewer or natural watershed, must be reported to the National Response

Center, and other regulatory agencies.
TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act - a federal law requiring all commercial chemical substances to appear on an inventory maintained by the EPA.

DISCLAIMER

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All statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are based on available scientific tests or data which we believe to be reliable. The accuracy and completeness of such data are not warranted or guaranteed. We cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and our products, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with out products, may be used. Zep assumes no liability or responsibility for loss or damage resulting from the improper use or handling of our products, from incompatible product combinations, or from the failure to follow instructions, warnings, and advisories in the products label and Material Safety Data Sheet.

(rev. 1/98)